

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW TREE-FROG FROM NEW
SOUTH WALES.

BY G. A. BOULENGER.

(Communicated by J. J. Fletcher.)

HYLA CHLORIS.

Tongue subcircular, slightly nicked and free behind. Vomerine teeth in two small groups between the choanæ. Head broader than long; snout rounded, shorter than the diameter of the orbit; canthus rostralis obtuse; loreal region very oblique, slightly concave; nostril nearer the tip of the snout than to the eye; inter-orbital space broader than the upper eyelid; tympanum very distinct, three-fifths the diameter of the eye. Three outer fingers extensively webbed, the membrane reaching the disks of the second and fourth; no distinct rudiment of pollex; toes nearly entirely webbed; disks of fingers as large as the tympanum; subarticular tubercles moderate. Tibio-tarsal articulation reaching the tip of the snout. Upper parts finely granulate; belly and lower surface of thighs coarsely granulate; a strong fold across the chest. Green above; upper arm and throat yellow; sides of thighs purple; beneath uniform white. Male with an external gular vocal sac. From snout to vent 63 millim.

A single specimen, from Dunoon, Richmond River, collected by Mr. R. Helms, was submitted to me by Mr. J. J. Fletcher. It is closely allied to *H. gracilentæ*, Peters, but differs in the larger size, the larger eye, the obtuse canthus rostralis and oblique loreal region, the very distinct tympanum, the skin of which is free from granulations, and the absence of a white streak along the limbs and round the upper surface of the head. This frog was referred to *H. gracilentæ* by Mr. Fletcher (P.L.S.N.S.W. (2), vi. 1891, p. 263).